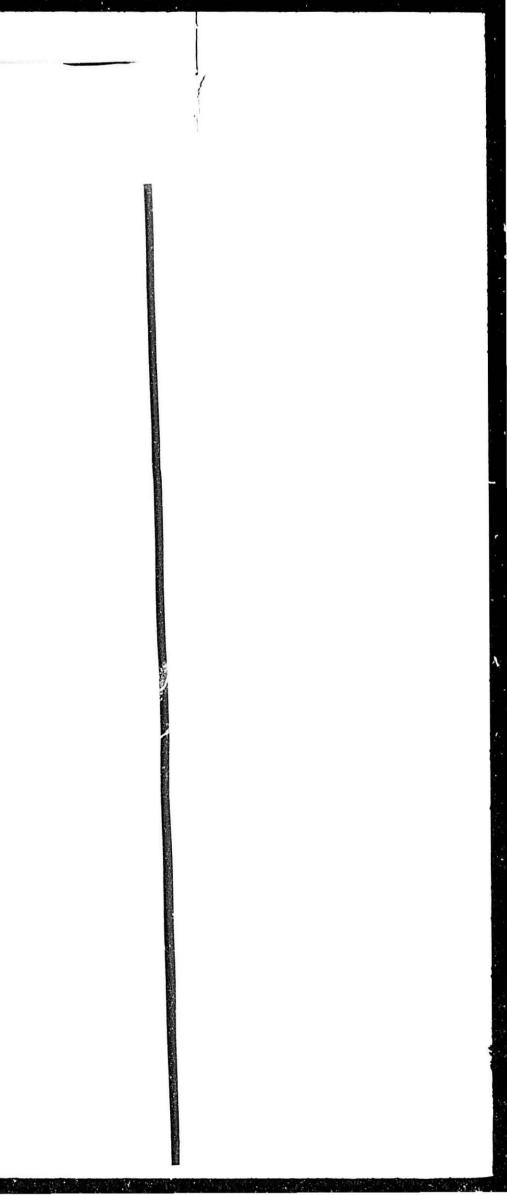
THE MACARONI JOURNAL

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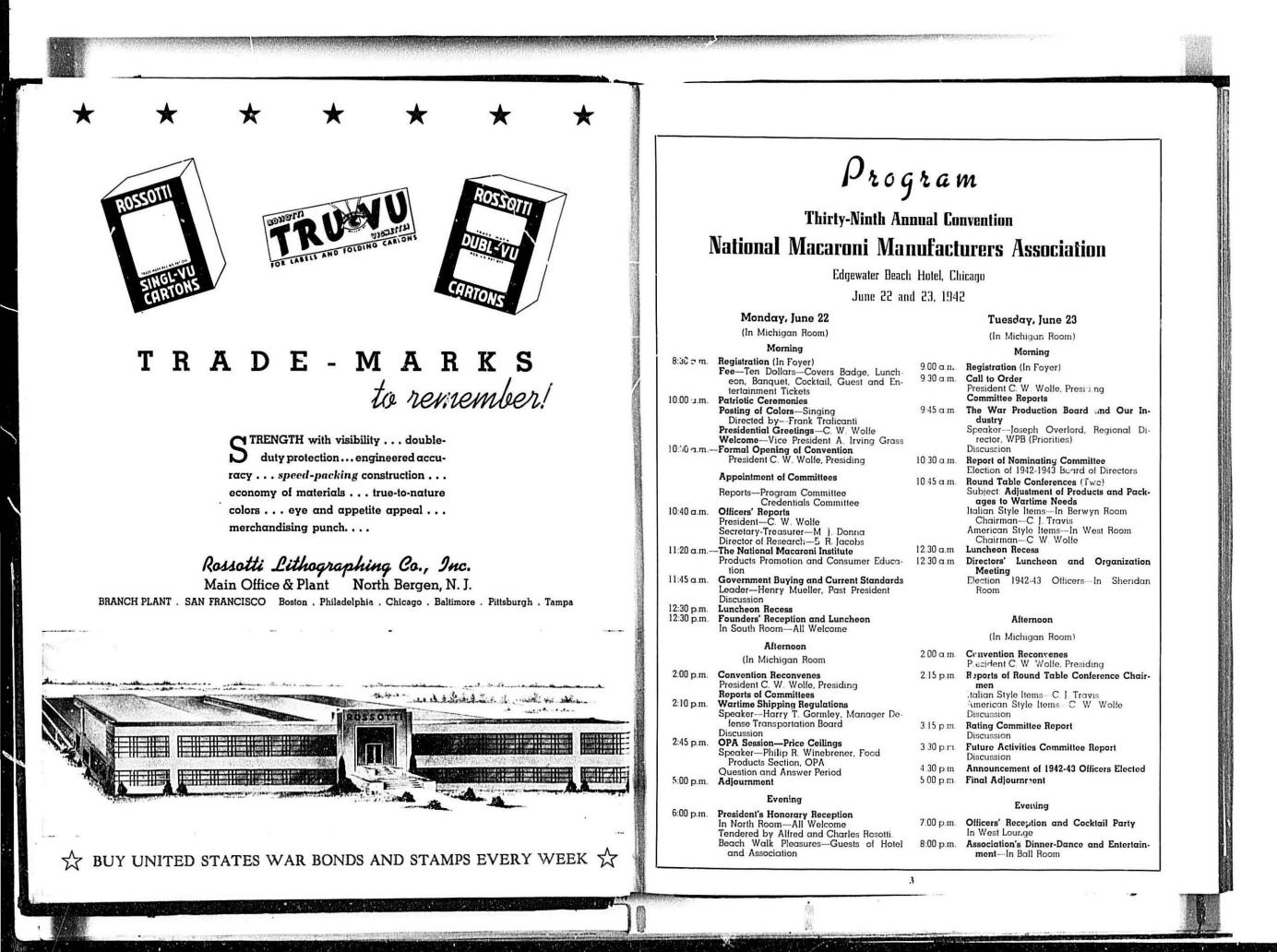
Volume XXIV Number 2

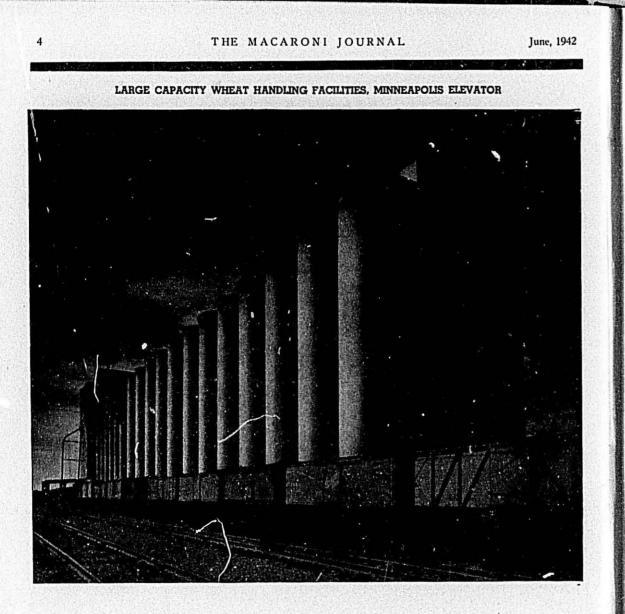
June, 1942





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19275 %.

These huge elevators are your guarantee of the choicest color and unvarying quality of Two Star Semolina---always.



The MACARONI JOURNAL

Volume XXIV

IUNE. 1942

Our Wartime Conference

When the leaders of the Macaroni Industry meet for their annual conclave in Chicago, June 22-23, 1942, our country will have been at war a little over six months. There have been many new, some unexpected, developments within this short period. For business, in fact for every phase of life as we know it, the general picture has changed materially since Pearl Harbor and the need for group study of changing conditions grows daily in importance.

Many manufacturers who are today important factors in our industry were in business during the last war, and they realize what war and its consequential regulations mean to business, because of their experiences then. Twenty-five years of peace have not dulled their memory of the trials and tribulations, necessary restrictions, optional substitutions and war-time control of business.

These "old timers" are now able to look back over their experiences under war conditions simulating those we are now undergoing, to recall errors of judgment and execution that proved so costly. And they are considerate enough of the industry's general welfare to obligingly warn present operators of the obstacles that must be surmounted in increasing numbers, and in enormity, as the needs of a fighting nation grow.

We are at war. The macaroni-noodle manufacturer is in the thick of it, almost as much as are the fighters, because it is their duty to provide good food to keep both fighters and civilians strong and healthy. Once more, after the lapse of a quarter century, the same trade organization, the National Macaroni Manufacturers Association, provides the opportunity for all interests to confer peacefully on problems that grow out of the compulsory swing from peace-time quibbles and squabbles to war-time harmony and action in food production and its economic distribution.

Nothing counts so much now as the winning of this war. Individualism must be subordinated to the industry's and the country's needs. The time is here when we must do more objective thinking, so as to properly realize that in this all-out effort our government wants the most efficient coördination and our industry needs the strongest, most inclusive organization we have ever known.

The trade association has a recognizable role to play in planning and promoting the industry's part in this emergency, so the fundamental of organized action must never be overlooked to the end that we are united and ready for whatever may develop within our trade or in its relation to business generally and our country's war program particularly.

As might be expected, the entire program for the wartime conference June 22 and 23 will place due emphasis on specific war-time problems and activities. As no manufacturer is immune from the effects of the nation's efforts to win this war and afterwards help set up an honorable peace, it would seem like a deliberate neglect of one's own business to willingly absent himself from this timely conference-to fail to lend his thinking, his experience and his personal leaderhip to the task of making easier the lot of this industry for the duration.

Conditions are changing-the scene is shifting. Can we adjust ourselves to the opportunities ahead? The war effort calls for more conservatism-more substitution-more simplification-more coördination. How can we best do this as a unit? What is the Macaroni Association's place in this emergency? How does the present setup fit the all-out war program? What part must each manufacturer play individually, and with fellow manufacturers collectively, in order that the Industry may play its proper part, as a whole?

Answers to these and many other perplexing questions will be sought at the Chicago convention in June through an interchange of ideas, opinions and suggestions. Your thinking is needed yes, wanted.

With the help of the representatives of the leading, progressive firms in the business, it is the hope of the sponsors that at the coming conference a satisfactory method will be found for coördinating all our efforts for self-protection, for more effective and economical ways of enhancing the relationship between manufacturers, with distributors and Government agencies.

All of this adds up to the conclusion that it would seem almost imperative that operators in our trade attend this conference in Chicago, June 22 and 23. It would be much better, of course, if they did so as supporting members of the National Association that makes possible this timely, friendly and hopeful conference.



Number 2

Government Helps Build—Not Destroy

Plenty of Good Food Makes Good Fighters for Victory

ent from a country at peace. In peacetime, American business was permitted to operate with more lib-erties than were business in almost any other country-but within certain legal restrictions. However, under war conditions, every industry, every individual, worker or consumer must be regulated, more or less, for the common good. Each must sur-render special privileges; all must cooperate in an approved way to produce the greatest amount of mutual good while helping the nation wage a successful, quick and decisive war.

Street IL.

To the question that is in many minds-"Will the Government destroy my business as a war measure?", the answer is emphatically NO. The Government does not intend to let any business down, and that goes for the macaroni-noodle industry. Of course, this is predicated on the readiness of an industry or of an individual to do everything that is possible to help itself or himself under the necessarily strict war restrictions.

The Government wants to help business because it realizes that while guns, planes, ships and tanks are es-sential war needs, they are of little value without well-fed, vigorous fighters to use them. So, while armament may be the nation's first need, food is practically on a par with it in importance.

Faced with war regulations, ma-terial restrictions, price control and possible further rationing, macaroninoodle manufacturers need fear no destructive action on the part of any Government agency. True, this in-dustry, like others, is facing a crucial period when unity of purpose and action is the greatest current need. By working hand in hand, the leaders of the trade will be able to solve all their problems in a way that will brighten the future of the whole industry.

The macaroni-noodle industry has a useful place in the production of a good food for maintaining the health and vigor of both fighters and civilians. It produces an inexpensive, but very nutritious food for all classes. It is part of a woven pattern of unity that involves such elements as the durum wheat grower (an important farming group), the milling

A country at war is entirely differ- trade, agencies of distribution, and the consumer. Our Government has always been friendly to the farmer, and particularly to the durum grow-er because it was through the United States Department of Agriculture that this, among the finest of wheats, was encouraged less than a half century ago.

The Government help proved a blessing to farmers in a large area where durum growing is practical. If it lets down the durum farmer, it definitely injures a \$75,000,000 industry that processes the fine durum into an edible wheat food. Then, if it fails to help the manufacturers, both the durum farmers and consumers suffer. From this line of reasoning, it is safe to assume that the Govern-ment will aid all who are concerned in the production of this fine wheat food-all who show the right spirit.

Manufacturers will be called upon to make even greater sacrifices, if that is possible. They will be told, and convinced, that profits should be only secondary in importance until the war and peace have been

Uncle Sam is really a good uncle, the kind of uncle that millions in other war-ravaged countries wish they had-yet he cannot solve all the problems of the macaroni-noodle industry; nor can the members thereof

solve them alone. Government agencies will have to be made to see the industry's needs and manufacturers will have to do their part, individually and collectively, in making the task of government help easier.

Reasoning that understanding will grow out of firsthand study of prob-lems, representatives of some of the more important Government agencies will appear before the Industry Conference in Chicago this month to hear the industry's side of the case, and all interested manufacturers have been urged to be present to explain their problems, and through joint consideration of them, make it easier for the agencies to lay down fair rules for proper procedure, with both the industry's interest and the nation's welfare in mind.

Come what may, the macaroninoodle manufacturer will be, first of all, patriotic-a true American willing to make every sacrifice in keep-ing with any studied plan to put our country on the solidest possible war footing while preserving for himself and for his industry many of the privileges he can still enjoy. So, let's show our Government that the industry, each and every operator, is be-hind it in practice as well as in spirit; then we can rest assured that the Government will not let us down. (Contributed).

Keep Workmen Fit and Healthy for Victory

Six high officials, Donald M. Nelson, Chairman of the War Produc-tion Board; Paul V. McNutt, Chair-man of the War Manpower Commission ; Robert P. Patterson, Under Secretary of War; James V. Forrestal, Under Secretary of the Navy; E. R. Stettinius, Jr., Lend-Lease Adminis-trator, and E. S. Land, Chairman of the Maritime Commission, charged with increasing American war production have appealed to War Pro-duction Drive Committees to keep the American workman fit and healthy to save man hours for victory. Their statement follows:

Sick and injured war production workers lo 6,000,000 work days every We must save as many of those lost days as we possibly can for the Produc-tion Drive.

Only healthy workers can put into the drive what it takes—vigor, staying-power, and the will to win.

It is your job to fight sickness and accidents. See to it that every medical and engineering means of prevention is provided in your plant. Make it a health-ful working place.

Help the men and women in your plant to keep themselves healthy and on the job. You can do this by training them in health conservation and safety as carefully as you train them in effi-ciency.

Use your influence to see that your community has an active public health department; enough doctors, nurses and hospital beds to care for your workers and their families. Your Federal and State governments are doing their part. Make sure your community does its part.

CONVENTION OFFICIALS-1942



C. W. WOLFE President



C. W. Wolfe, chief executive of the Megs Macaroni Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

In addition to a deep-seated conviction that all Industry problems will be solved if a sufficient number of manufacturers will talk "cold turkey," he is equally convinced that Quality Macaroni is all that its friends claim it to be. The following verse expresses this feeling:

> "By millions it is caten . . . By poor folks and 'toncy' The world's ideal food Naught can beat 'MACARONI'"

Ready to take over at the bcck of the president in whatever situation or need that may arise is the Association's vice president, A. Irving Grass, of I. J. Grass Noodle Company, Chicago.

An enthusiastic trade association booster, he lives and breathes cag noodles.

> Egg Noodlest ye Gods, The whole wide world cats oodles! Lord bless the great Genius Who gave the world "NOODLES"!



A. IRVING GRASS Vice President



Jos. J. CUNEO Adviser

Like an experienced councilor, Joseph J. Cunco, Connellsville, Pa., the Association's immediate past president, stands ready to advise to the limit of his ability and wide experience. He is sincere in that he both makes and eats spaghetti because:

> It builds strong, firm bodies . . . And sick stomachs "fretty" Are soothed by delicious, Nutritious "SPAGHETTI."



PRESIDENTIAL ALUMNI

Those charged with the steering of the convention's course in the troublesome waters and war maelstrom, are assured of the help of experienced past presidents of the National Macaroni Manufacturers Association:



Thos H. Toomy 1904-1905 The DeMartini Macaroni Co. Brooklyn, N. Y.



- FRANK I, ТНАКІМБЕК 1928-1930 Tharinger Macaroni Co. Milwaukee, Wis.



GLENN G. HOSKINS 1933-1934 Hoskins Service Chicago, III.



FRANK L. ZLEEGA 1930-1932 A Zerega's Sons, Inc. Brooklyn, N. Y.



Lotus, S. VAGNINO 1934-1936 Faust Macaroni Co. St. Louis, Mo. (Present Director)



J. H. DIAMOND 1939-1940 Gooch Food Products Co. Lincoln, Nebr. (Present Director)



Lined up solidly behind the officials responsible for the management of the 1942 between v Chicago this month is the Association's Directorate, consisting of the following successful appro-senting the leading production contexts of the country, not including these concess $M_{cl} \approx M_{cl} \approx phys.$ Tenn., Samuel Gook Giox Macaroni Co, Rochester, N. Y., Steve La Kesse X. (E. Kesse X.) Jun, N. Y., X. I., Scarpelli, Porter Scarpelli, Macaroni Co, Portland, etc. Process on a structure of the second structur time.



GUY LAMARA Prince Macatonic Mig. () Lowell, Maca



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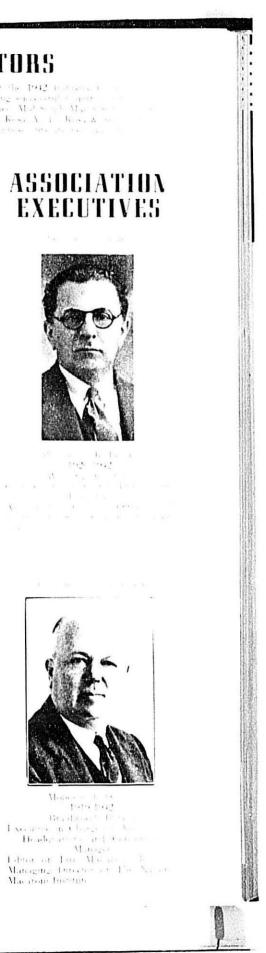


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ALS WILSS Weiss Neadle Co Chycland, O





JAMES T. WILLIAMS 1917/1921

The Creamette Co.

Minneapolis, Minn.

HENRY MULLUR 1922-1928 C. F. Mueller Co. Present Director)

e e



Altonso Giola 1932-1933 Alfonso Gioia & Sons Rochester, N. Y.



PHILIP R. WINEBRENER 1936-1939 Deputy, Office of Price Administration Baltimore, Md.

Very Existence of Food Industry Held at Stake

Willis Says Some Firms Already Out of Busmess

"The very existence of the food and grocery product manufacturers is threatened today as a result of the war," Paul S. Willis, President of the Grocery Manufacturers of America, declared the morning of the opening of a two-day conference of his or-ganization held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

The meetings featured informal panel discussions between representatives of government and industry, de-signed to clarify the role of the grocery field in the war effort.

The speaker said that the meeting comes at a crucial time just when manufacturers are face to face with the necessity of solving the most dif-ficult problems in their history. These problems include raw materials, machinery, containers, price ceilings, re-adjustment of sales forces, transportation, shortages and priorities. Refer-ring to the world-shaking six months since Pearl Harbor, he said that in that short period "we have undergone the greatest and most sudden change in the history of our industry."

"Today, our first job is to win the War. We are also face to face with the very difficult job of actually saving this industry," he told the manufac-turers. "Your business problems are serious on all fronts. Heretofore, you never gave a great deal of considera-tion to your container-except that it torio your product, and you dressed it up with an attractive label. Now, however, you are confronted with the realization that the container is really the backbone of your business." In addition to containers, the other major factors which have aided the growth of the industry are threatened at the same time. They are the brand name, advertising, and sales forces.

"In the matter of the container it is clear that if you were using any of the critical materials, you are either going out of business-or you will have found a substitute. Recent restrictions have actually forced some grocery manufacturers right out of the field, and others may follow unless some relief is found.

He said that the identity of brand names is threatened by suggestions originating in some Washington quarters that one "Victory" brand be adopted. The future of advertising is also imperiled. He noted that while discussion of the subject is often "shushed," the new price ceiling order may hit hard at the entire advertising



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President, Grocery Manufa of America

field, since industry has been told to cut its expenses to the bone and elim-inate all frills.

A radical curtailment in the activities of sales forces may be expected as a result of the curtailment of tires, gasoline and transportation and by al-

otment selling. "Of all the difficult problems busi-ness is facing, the one which is most perplexing is the order dealing with price cellings. The food industry will feel the effects of this order, as presently interpreted, perhaps more se-riously than any other industry. And the principal reason for that is that this industry has operated on such a very narrow margin—depending on efficiency, economy, and volume of business for its results.

'The manufacturers began to draw on their higher cost materials toward the latter part of 1941. With these increased costs in mind, they should have raised their prices. But they elected, instead, to postpone any price increases in order to coöperate with the government and to give the public the continued benefit of low prices." Although higher prices were an-nounced on many foods early this year, they nevertheless gave the dis-tributors a chance to place orders at prices prevailing prior to the an-nounced advances. They did this in order to give the trade an opportunity to pass along to the public the benefit of these lower prices. As a conse-quence, the selection of March, 1942, prices as a basis for celling levels was most unfortunate from industry's point of view. The selection of the June, 1942

June, 1942

March prices found distributors with price listings which reflected 1941 costs, and such prices in many instances were lower than manufacturers' listings in the same month. The result of this situation is that the grocery manufacturing industry is practi-cally at a standstill. In some instances. distributors are asking manufacturers to take back shipments of merchandis, which was invoiced at March list prices, because the distributors' costs on such goods exceeds their permissible resale price.

At every stage of the intricate jour-ney which food must take from the field to the dining room table, numerous obstacles exist. This situation is not alone a serious one for manufacdistributors. And unless some fair adjustment is worked out, the effect will be that hundreds of grocers will be forced out of business. The only possible practical way of removing these obstacles, he said, is for Government and industry to make a sincere joint effort to cooperate for the common good.

Booklet on "Plant Efficiency'

A booklet on plant efficiency has been published by the Division of In-formation, War Production Board, and is now available for distribution, on request

The booklet is called "PLANT EF-FICIENCY—Ideas and Suggestions on Increasing Efficiency in Smaller Plants."

It is in simple terms and is de-signed primarily for smaller war plants or for plants which are just getting into war production and which might be able to increase production by a study of efficiency procedures.

Chapters in the booklet deal with "Good Lighting—Better Work"; "Cutting Down Accidents"; "Adapt-"Cutting Down Accidents"; "Adapt-ing Old Machines to New Jobs"; "Maintenance and Repair"; "Longer Life for Cutting Tools"; "Getting the Most out of Machine Tools"; "Pro-duction Lines Geared for War"; "Meeting Government Standards"; "Training Workers Quickly"; "Swing Shifts"; "Keeping Track of Orders, Production, and Materials"; "Plant Protection"; "Pooling Facilities"; "A Word on Priorities"; and "Getting Into War Work."

Copies may be obtained from re-gional and local offices of the War Production Board, located in 120 cities; from local offices of the Division of Information, Office for Emergency Management; or by writing to the Division of Information, Office for Emergency Management, in Washington

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The most VITAL question your products have to answer

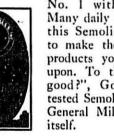
The most exacting checks in your laboratory are really quite moderate compared to the test your products undergo at a customer's table! There, only one allimportant question is asked-only one answer expected. The customer asks: "Is it good?" Your products must answer "Yes."

For years we have been testing and choosing wheats, milling, testing and retesting Gold Medal Press-tested Semolina No. 1 to insure the presence, in largest measure, of those qualities which help you make macaroni products highly satisfactory to your customers. General Mills' Gold Medal Press-tested Semolina No. 1 is noted for those characteristics which spell fine results to the manufacturer. It is noted for all 'round ability to produce products

with fine taste, appetizing appearance and FULL COLOR AND FLAVOR the things that mean everything to the housewife.

These are reasons why Gold Medal Press-tested Semolina No. 1 gives you not only the kind of results you must have in your plant-but, most important, the rebuying action you want from your customers

Use Gold Medal Press-tested Semolina



No. 1 with full confidence. Many daily tests guarantee that this Semolina will assist you to make the kind of macaroni products your customer insists upon. To the question, "Is it good?", Gold Medal Presstested Semolina No. 1 milled by General Mills, Inc., speaks for

A COMPLETE DURUM SERVICE FOR MACARONI AND NOODLE MANUFACTURERS I

J "

DURUM DEPARTMENT

WASHBURN CROSBY COMPANY (TRADE NAME)

Central Division of General Mills, Inc.

Offices: Chicago, Illinois



MACARON-ItsPlace in Wartime Menus

Novel and Easy Cooking Methods Recommended for Retaining and Conserving All Essential Minerals and Vitamins in Cooked Macaroni Products

THE NATIONAL MACMONT INSTITUTE is cooperating fully and effectively from the Indus-try's standpoint, with the national institution campaign being sponsored by our Government in its efforts to prevent unnecessary waste, and to conserve our supply good foods for consumption by a strong, vigorous fighting force and an equally healthy and determined itizenry at home

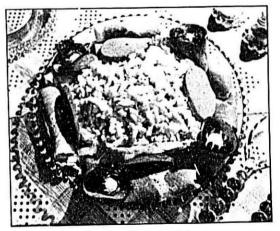
ilizenzy at home. Ilizenzy at home, voluntarily contributed by a small group of manufacturers and allieds teho are keenly interested in creating an exerincreasing clientele of macaroni-graphettizegg noodle consumers among civilians and fighters alike, the Institute has been doing a worth-schile job of products promition and consumer education. Macaroni products are universally recognized as energy feeds suitable for the cooler cassons, but they are equally delicious and desirable for our summer-time food needs, par-ticularly token they are properly prepared in the many combinations to which they are naturally adaptable. To acquain dimension consumers with the facts bearing on the latter claim, – e following message has been broadcast nationally by the Institute, as a war-time, summer-time service to the most food-conscious people of the world:

In planning war-time menus, there are many needs to be considered-the nutritive quality of the food, its vitamin content, its cost, quality appearance and ease of preparation

Line .

Well up on the list of essential war-time foods, and one that meets all these important requirements, is the macaroni family which includes not only macaroni, but spagheau and egg noodles. This energy trio, as these foods have so appropriately been called, give to every homemaker economy in cost and preparation, delicious flavor and standard products of high quality that have universal appeal.

It is true, of course, that no food is so good that your family will want to see it on the table day after day in the same form, but when serving macaroni, spaghetti or egg noodles remember there are immunerable ways in which it can be prepared. Familiarity with the possibilities of combining macaroni products in recipes with various dairy products, meats, fish, cheese, eggs and vegetables will be an asset to any thrifty homemaker. The not only insure wholesome, low cost meals, but also make possible the conversion of leftovers into attractive, appetizing dishes



Macaroni Elbow Salad

To make a summer meal that's positively alluring, and extra nutritious too, American Homemakers are invited to plan this Macaroni Salad with assorted cold cuts. It's the kind of a meal that makes meal planning a joy instead of

Since everyone is becoming more and more conscious of food values these days and what they do for us, it is important that homemakers discover the correct way to prepare macaroni products so as to insure the full retention of all those natural vitamins and minerals they contain, and which you may have been boiling out, then pouring down the drain. Macaroni, spaghetti and egg moodles are cereal foods and contain natural vitamins, but some of these are soluble in water, so when you boil these foods in quantities of water, then drain, you lose much of the vitamin content.

To overcome this, follow this simple trick: 4 cups boiling water is sufficient to cook 12 lb, spaghetti, maca-roni or egg noodles. The time required will be about 15 minutes, and by that time all the water will be absorbed. These amounts may vary slightly because of the different types of cooking utensils used and the size and shape of the macaroni products, but by trying this new idea several times you can make it work. Remember to keep the water boiling throughout the cooking period and stir fre quently.

Macaroni products store well and can, therefore, always be on hand. Keep a good supply of them in your cupboard there's plenty of variety in this line-elbow style mataroni and spaghetti, the shells, the straight, and any number of special shapes. They're good in souttles too Be sure to try the new method of cooking macaroni products recommended in the following recipes and save for your family the important vatamins and minerals they need in their diets. You'll discover that all these recipes are especially appropriate for this time of year.

Macatoni Elbow Salad

1. Ib. ellow macaroni

1 (sp. salt 4 c. Boiling water

Cook elbow macaroni in boiling water until all water is ab-sorbed and the macaroni is tender, but a little chewy in con-sistency. Stir frequently. Cool, then chill thoroughly and com-bine with the following salad ingredients:

- 4. c. small cubes cheese (optional) (American-Swiss or Roquefort type)
 1. c. diced celery
 2. hard cooked eggs, diced

- 1 thep, minced pimento 1 thep, minced onion
- 1 thep. minced green pepper
- Salt and pepper to taste. Mayonnaise or salad dressing.

Toss salad ingredients with enough salad dressing to blend well. Then arrange on service plate with assorted cold cuts. Serves 8 to 10.

June, 1942

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It's a feather in your cap to serve thrifty foods with glamour, and an easy way to do it is to prepare this new and different meat loaf noolle pie.

Meat Loal Noodle Pie

- 4, 1b beef or yeal, ground 4, 1b pork ground 4, c. milk 5, c. bread crumbs Minced onion, if desired

- 1 egg Salt and pepper to taste

Salt and pepper to taste Combine the meat boar incredients and mix thoroughly. Press-mixture in a thick layer on to the sides and bottom of a pre-plate. Place in oven at 350° F, and lake 40 to 50 minutes. Then all center with ½ lb, of egg noodles that have been cooked by the following method to mentre the retention of valuable materials and vitamins. To 4 eups boiling water, salted, add ½ lb, medium cut moodles. Boil until all water is absorbed and noodles are tender. This will take about 10 minutes. Stir frequently during this cooking period to keep noodles from sticking to pair. After the moodles are placed in the center of the meat basit pre, dot top with butter and return to oven for a few minutes before serv-ing. Serve this dish in placebaged cuts, and a tomato, cheese or mixed vegetable sauce makes a fitting accompanient for or mixed vegetable same makes a fitting accompaniment for this meal. Serves 6 to 8, . . .

Economically speaking, Macaroni Products are tops as "Penny Stretchers," Left-overs become glorified when served with this fine wheat food, plain shaped or fancy. Left-over roast or chicken will blend tastily in dishes to meet either the usual demands of economy and variety, or the exceptional demands of utmost food satisfaction.

Chicken and Shell Macaroni Casserole

A blessing to any war-time food budget is this Shell Maca-tom Casserole. Other fancy shapes or plain macarom products are equally similable. It's a grand way to use up left-over clicken or meat and in a manner that is taste-thrilling as well as nutritions.

¹2 Ib shell macarom
 ⁴ c boiling water
 ⁴ z tsp salt
 ⁴ Cook the macarom in the boiling salted water until all water
 ⁴ absorbed and the macarom is tender. This will take about
 ⁵ minutes and will insure the retention of valuable nutrients.
 ⁴ L e cooked chicken, yeal or pork cut in small pieces.

- c celety, diced
 b pimento, cut fine
 c mushrooms, cooked tender in bitter (optional)
 c broken wahnin kernels
 c white sauce (Medium) mode all or part chicken or meat
- -toath
- stock Salt and pepper to taste Bake 30 to 40 minutes at 350 F Serves 6 to 8



Chicken and Shell Macaroni Casserole A blessing to any war-time food budget is this casserole that calls for any left-over meats with any fancy-shape macaroni. It's grand, provides taste thrill and much nutri-tion, at little cost in time, labor or money. Try adding the following to your approved batch of recipes and you'll never regret either your decision or action :

Braised Short Ribs With Butter Crumb Spaghetti

For a memorable and nonrishing evening meal that will be a credit to your food budget and a flavor treat for your tamily, serve this delectable combination of brased short role with spachetic, topped with buttered broad crumbs 'g lb effort spachetic

1 t-p. salt 4 c. boiling water

Fe boiling water Add the spaghetti to the boiling salted water and cock until all water is absorbed and spaghetti is tender. This will take about 15 minutes. Stir frequently. This method of cooking will insure the retention of valuable food values contained in the spaghetti. Place in serving disk and sprinkle over spaghetti 'z c, bread crimitis combined with 4 theps method butter browned slightly. Prepare short rils, by browning in hor (at, then adding a finite water and summerime covered until the meat is trular.

Prepare door riles by browning in hor fat, then adding a bille water and similaring, excercil until the meat is torder. Season to taste. The butter enumb spagheth is ideal to serve with pot roast of beef, pork teast or chops and writers and sauerkraut



Meat Loaf Noodle Pie

In war or in peace, it's ever a feather in housewives' caps to serve thrifty food with glamour. Here's a new and easy way to prepare a new but different dish—a meat loaf—egg noodle pie. It's just the kind of a meal to tempt a hungry man or satisfy the eager appetites that youngsters bring home from school or play.



For a memorable and nourishing evening meal that will be a credit to the family food budget and a flavor treat to the entire family, mamma or the cook will find it most satisfying to serve this delectable wheat-meat combination.



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Sec. 1.

THE MACARONI JOURNAL

Postpone Price-Listing Date

Extension from June 1 to July 1 of the time within which retail storekeepers must file price lists on cost-of-living items with local War Price and Rationing Boards was announced May 15 by Price administrator Leon Henderson.

The General Maximum Price Reguation became effective Monday, May 18, 1942, on sales at retail and estab-lishes an absolute ceiling over prac-tically everything that Americans use, wear and eat. The only exceptions of common interact are a built of common interest are a limited number of foods. Certain of the millions of articles covered by the ceiling have been designated as "costof-living" commodities and, as much, are accorded special treatment for the information of the buying public. As issued on April 28, the Regula-

tion required each retail store to display publicly its ceiling prices for every every "cost-of-living" item beginning May 18 and to file a list of these items with an OPA War Price and Rationing Board by June 1. The amendment does not change

the May 18 posting requirement, but does extend the price list filing date from June 1 to July 1. This has been done to relieve somewhat the burden of physical work that the Regulation imposes on retailers, especially small merchants, whose stock may contain hundreds, and even thousands, of items.

In announcing the amendment, Mr. Hender, a again emphasized the over-all character of the price regula-

"Whether an article is listed in the Regulation as a 'cost-of-living' com-modity or not it is covered by the general ceiling unless it has been specially excluded or is controlled through a separate OPA regulation,' he said. There are only a few ex-ceptions of common interest. These are: fresh fruits, fresh vegetables, eggs, poultry, butter, cheese, evapo-rated milk, flour, mutton, lamb, fresh fish and seafood, dried prunes, dried beans, and nuts.

Aside from these, every single thing that is sold over the counters of the nation's 1,900,000 retail stores will be subject to government price control beginning Monday, May 18, 1942.

The amended price-posting order provides that—"On or before July 1, 1942, every person offering to sell cost-of-living commodities at retail shall file with the *appropriate War Price and Rationing Board* of the Office of Price Administration a statement showing his maximum price for each such commodity, together with an appropriate description or identification of it. Such statement shall be kept up to date by such per-

son by filing on the first day of every succeeding month a statement of his maximum price for any cost-of-living commodity newly offered for sale during the previous month, together with an appropriate description or identi-fication of the commodity.

Canned Fish for Armed Forces

The War Production Board today ordered canners to set aside for the Government their entire 1942 pack of salmon, sardines, Atlantic herring, and mackerel. The purpose of the order is to assure ample supplies of these fish for the armed forces and Lend-Lease.

The order, M-86-b, is a companion to the previously issued M-86 and M-86-a which required canners to set aside for the Government certain per-centages of their 1942 pack of fruits and vegetables.

Lawrence Hopkinson, in charge of fishery products for the WPB, said that today's order does not mean that none of the 1942 pack of fish covered by the order will be available for civilians. He said the estimated 1942 salmon pack is 5,400,000 cases of which only about 2,500,000 cases are expected to be required this year for the armed forces and Lend-Lease. He estimated that Lend-Lease will require from 50 to 66 per cent of the 1942 pack of sardines, Atlantic herring and mackerel, probably leaving the balance for civilians. None of the canned sardines, herring and mackerel are to be set aside for the armed forces, provided there is an adequate supply of canned salmon.

"Because of uncertainty as to the supply and the demand it was thought best to require that the entire pack of these fish be set aside, then if the full supply is not needed for military and Lend-Lease requirements, it can be released for civilian purposes," Mr. Hopkinson said. The order requires canners to set

aside their entire pack of salmon, pilchard (including sardines), Atlantic sea herring and mackerel packed any time from March 1, 1942, to February 28, 1943.

AGMA Changes Its Name to Grocery Manufacturers of America

In recent months AGMA—the As-sociated Grocery Manufacturers of America—has had dealings with OPA, WPB, FSA, SMA, BLS, FTC, COI, OFF, FBI, FCA, FDA, FWA, COI, OFF, FBI, FCA, FDA, FWA, GPO, NYA, OADR, OCD, OEM, OLLA, PWA, USDA, USIS, and ODHWS. While grocery manufac-turers do not mind making alphabet soup, they see no reason for being in it themselves;—and so today, to end the resultant confusion, the name of June, 1942

the association was changed to the Grocery Manufacturers of America,

Paul S. Willis, president of the group, pointed out that the new name does not lend itself to contraction. "When we were known as AGMA," Mr. Willis said, "those four letters were always pronounced as one word, and gave no hint of our function to the public. As a result, we got all kinds of requests - ranging from pleas for advice on how to remove warts to orders for photographic equipment. The new name has the virtue of telling just what and who are — the Grocery Manufacturers of America. And I defy anyone to take the letters G, M, and A and make one word out of them — without sneezing!

\$3,000,000 A Day For Lend-Lease Food

"The job of the Agricultural Marketing Administration, in charge of food supply activities in connec-tion with the Lend-Lease program, is to narrow the gap between the farm and the battlefields of Democracy," says Roy F. Hendrickson, head of this U. S. Department of Agriculture agency. "We are geared," he says, to speedy and economical purchase and distribution of food. During a 12-month period we have bought, un-der the Lend-Lease Act, more than 3 million dollars worth of farm prod-

s minion donars worth of farm prod-ucts a day for the United Nations. "The big problems are time and space. Time—getting our food prod-ucts to their destination as quickly as can. Space-making the best use of the very precious rail and shipping facilities. Time and space problems are being licked."

How the beauty parlor goes to war: The iron that used to go into a sin-gle hair dryer is enough for six hand grenades.

RATIONING MEANS **A FAIR SHARE**

Your ration book is an insurance policy. It guarantees that you will receive YOUR FAIR SHARE of the total supply of commodities on the "scarcity list."

June, 1942

THE MACARONI JOURNAL

GRAIN BEETLE

You wouldn't fool with a **BUZZ-SAW**

- so why monkey with

"OLD SAWTOOTH"

-he can do untold damage to the unwary MACARONI MANUFACTURER

This imp of Satan infests everything from Macaroni Products to dried fruits, and sacks and boxes offer little if any protection against him. He is able to get into cracks and crevices so small that even a whisper could not enter. You will know him when you see him (and you'll see him) by the six sawtooth projections on each side of his Thorax. Approximately threesixteenths of an inch long and dark, chocolate-brown in color, he makes up for his small stature by the untold damage he can wreak. Females lat from forty-five to two-hundred and eighty-five eggs each, which hatch in about four or five days to larvæ. The larvæ crawl around for approximately two weeks, feeding as they go, then construct cocoon-like coverings from which emerge the adults. Average life span is from six to eight months, though in certain cases they have been known to live for more than three years.

Regular sweeping, proper stacking and good ventilation all aid in the prevention of this pest but if you would have absolute control, it takes a good, strong Food Insecticide to do a complete job. By "Strong" we mean one that has been tested and rated by the only universally accepted system-THE PEET-GRADY METHOD. By "Food Insecticide" we mean only one which will not contaminate the fine flavor of Macaroni Products.

HIT THIS BUG AND HIT HIM HARD! Use that Super Activated Pyrethrum Contact Spray-

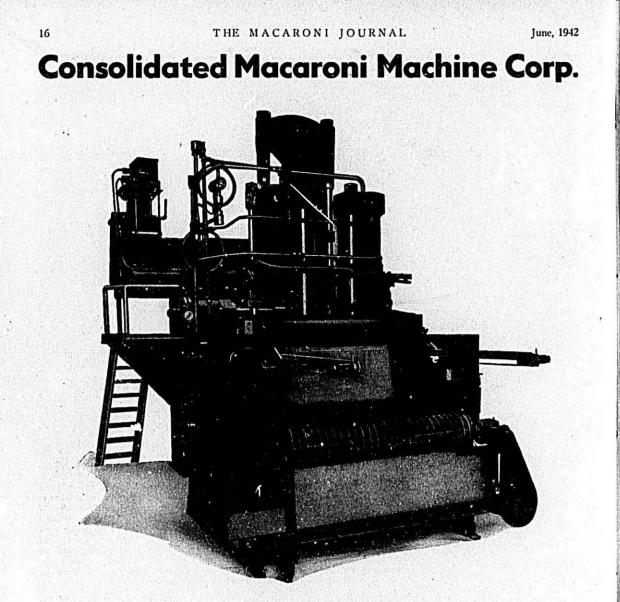
This is the second of a series of three advertisements dealing with insects and pests plaguing the Macaroni Manufacturer.











THE ULTIMATE PRESS

From Bins to Sticks Without Handling

The only continuous Press that is fully Automatic in all its operations

From the time the raw material is fed into the receiving com-partment until it is spread on the sticks, no handling or attention is necessary as all operations are continuous and automatic

Not an experiment, but a reality. Produces all forms of paste with equal facility. The paste produced is superior in quality and appearance.

Manufacturing costs greatly reduced. Sanitary, hygienic. Product untouched by human hands.

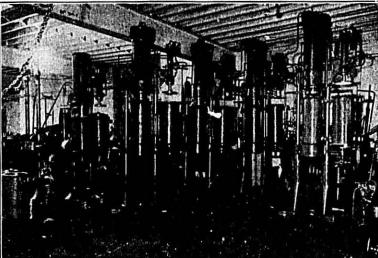
Production from 900 to 1.000 pounds net per hour. Trimmings reduced to a minimum, due to method of extrusion as pressure is equal over whole face of die.

This press is not an experiment. We already have several of these presses in actual operation in a large macaroni plant in this city.

156-166 Sixth Street BROOKLYN, N. Y., U. S. A. 159-171 Seventh Street Address all communications to 156 Sixth Street

Write for Particulars and Prices

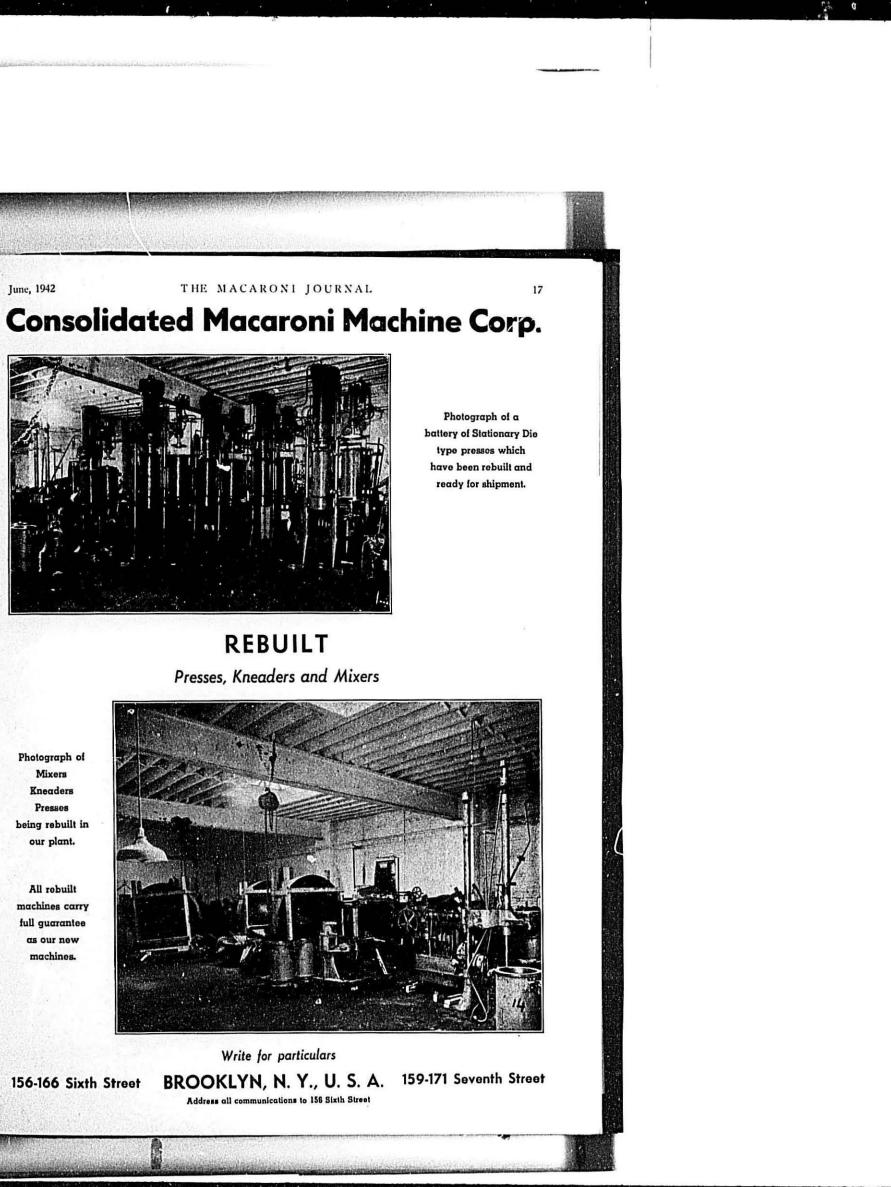
June, 1942



Presses, Kneaders and Mixers

Photograph of Mixers Kneaders Presses our plant.

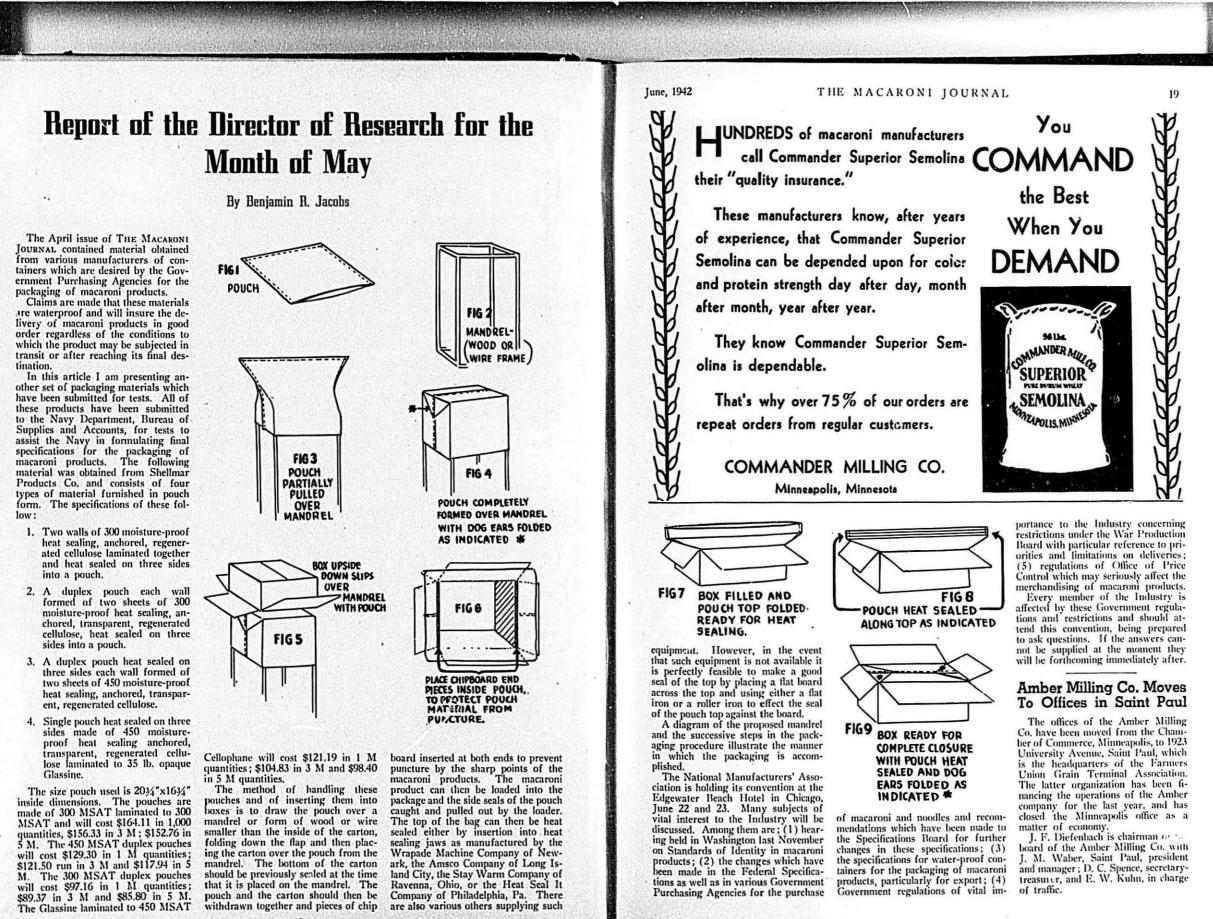
machines.



being rebuilt in

All rebuilt machines carry full guarantee as our new

THE M. B.



18

Ment Si.

Food Production to Be Controlled

Secretary of Agriculture to Direct Food Allocation

Early this month came the announcement which macaroni-noodle manufacturers and other food producers have been expecting-a Government order and an enforcing bureau to study the military, civilian and foreign food needs, with authority to allocate and to regulate. Both agencies, the War Production Board and the Office of Price Administration, will be involved in the enforcement of the new regulation.

20

MODIA TH

Just how will the average operator in this industry fare under the order? That is a fair question-one that concerns everyone in the business. Naturally every operator will be affected one way or another. Some of the plants with high production costs may even be put out of business. The ement savs

On June 5, 1942, the War Production Board Chairman, Donald M. Nelson, created a food requirements committee under the chairmanship of Sec-retary of Agriculture Claude R. Wickard to control the production and al-location of all civilian and military food supplies.

Establishment of the new ninemember committee, within the War Production Board, is expected to be followed in a few days by announce-ment of a combined British-American food board, with Wickard as the top American representative.

The new committee will determine civilian, military and foreign food re-quirements, Nelson announced, and has authority to speed up or curtail domestic output of foods "as well as the importation of foods and agricultural materials from which foods are derived."

The new agency will chart govern-ment policies "affecting the eating habits of every man and woman in the country," the WPB chairman said, but food rationing will continue to be ad-ministered by the OPA. Decisions of the food requirements committee will be final, subject to approval of the WPB.

The Committee

Besides Wickard, the committee consists of L. S. Stinebower, state de-partment; Brig. Gen. Carl A. Hardigg, war department; Rear Admiral W. B. Young, navy; W. B. Parker, board of economic warfare; Dr. John Orchard, office of lend-lease administration; Roland S. Vaile, division of civilian supply of WPB; Douglas C. Townson, division of industry opera-

tions of WPB, and T. L. Daniels, materials division of WPB. Actual operations of the food committee will be carried on by existing

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ag incies to the agriculture department. The agriculture department will report on the progress of domestic food output and, after consulting with the BEW and the state department on the

imports of foods. The army and navy will report their requirements and the civilian supply division will prepare lists of foods essential for home consumption. The industry operations di-vision will report on stocks of non-food materials, such as cotton and rubber. The BEW and Lend-Lease will estimate the food needs of the

Allied nations. WPB's industry operation: division will be responsible for the later stages of food production, such as baking and the manufacture of confectionery and soft drinks; the materials divi-sion will have charge of processing of nonfood items like soap, derived from agricultural materials which are a source of food.

Liquid and Dried Egg Production April. 1942

The production of 94,100,000 pounds of liquid eggs by commercial egg breaking plants during April was larger than the production during April last year by 41,308,000 pounds or 78 per cent. The plants reported that 59,001,000 pounds were frozen compared with 46,826,000 pounds in April last year and 2,541,000 pounds were used for immediate consumption were used for immediate consumption compared with 2,776,000 pounds a year earlier. From the remaining 32,-558,000 pounds, plus the eggs broken out by strictly egg drying plants, 21,-714,358 pounds of dried eggs were produced compared with 3,517,965 pounds in April, 1941.

Government purchases continue to dominate the dried egg industry. Prac-tically all of the dried eggs produced in April were in the whole form and were sold to the Government for Lend-Lease uses. The production of

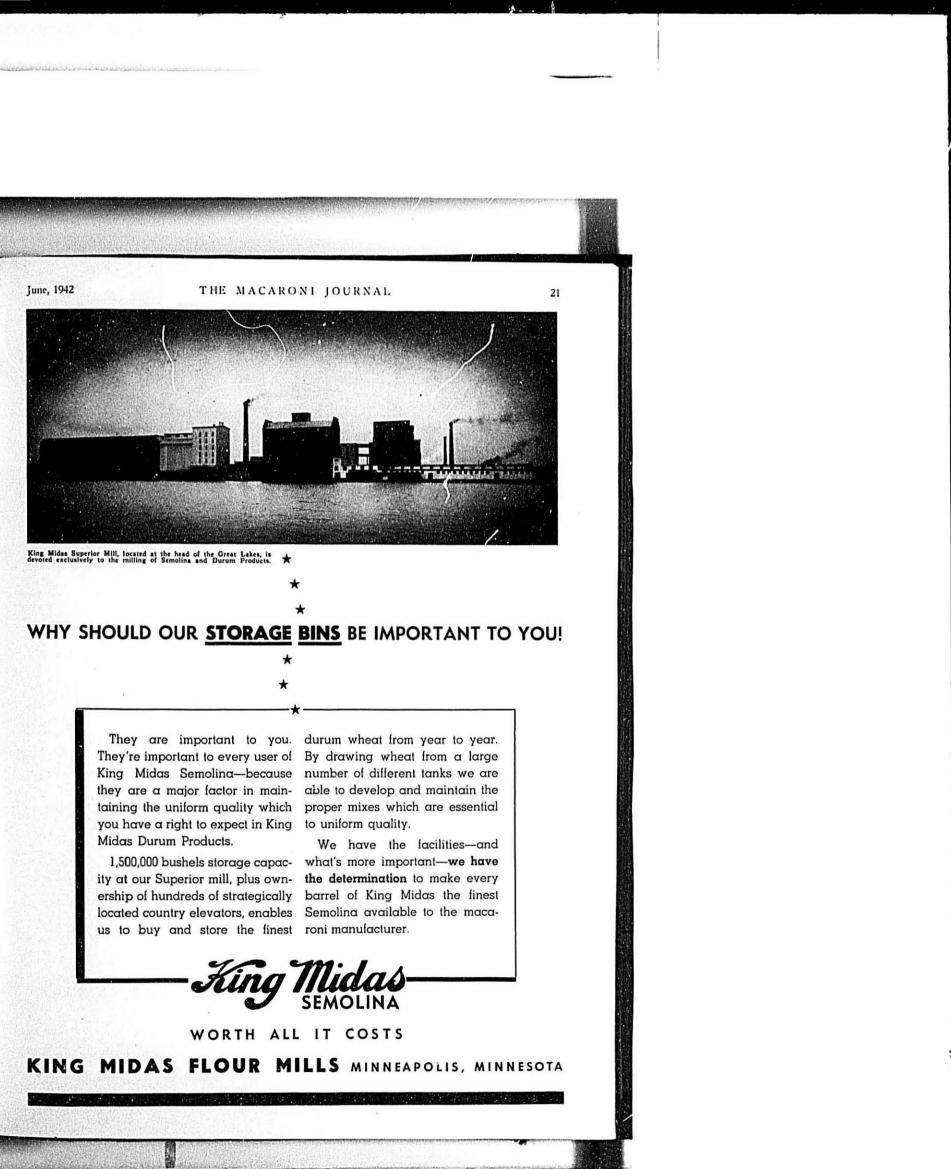
dried albumen was 72 per cent less than the total produced in April last year and the production of yolk 10 per

year and the production of yolk 10 per cent less. The Agricultural Marketing Administration accepted offers on 56,-831,605 pounds of dried egg in April. Offers accepted May 1 to May 14, to-taled 16,746,380 pounds. Large quantities of frozen and shell eggs apparently are being stored to be used later in the year for drying eggs. Storage stocks of frozen eggs on May 1 totaled 159,176,000 pounds compared with 99,531,000 pounds on May 1 last year and 94,382,000 pounds, the May 1 (1937-41) average. Stocks of shell-egg on May 1 totaled 4,650,000 cases compared with 3,031,000 cases on May 1 last year and 3,468,000 cases, the May 1 (1937-41) average. Out of a total of 11,196,304 pounds of dried eggs on hand on May 1 only 350,049 pounds remained unsold. pounds remained unsold.

Liquid Egg Production, April 1941-42

Commodity	April 1941	April 1942	Per Cent Change in 1942
Whole eggs Mixed eggs (emulsions, also with sugar	Thous. / 13,620	ounds 43,286	Per cent +218
salt, etc.) Egg whites (all descriptions) Egg yolks packed—	7,074 17,844	12,233 22,302	‡ 73 25
Without salt, sugar, etc. With sugar With salt All yolk emulsions, including glycerine	4,751 8,183 1,320	6,587 7,904 1,788	+39 -3 +35
TOTAL	52,792	94,100	+ 78

	Fied Egg Product	ion, April 1941-42	
Commodity	April 1941	April 1942	Per cent change in 1942
Vhole	Pounds 243,497 1,031,979 2,242,489	Pounds 19,609,258 290,652 1,814,448	Per cent +7,953 -72 -19
TOTAL	3,517,965	21,714,358	+517
Firms reporting-59	新闻的新闻的	的现在是这个学校的	的基础和分配和正确的



June, 1942

Will Advertise to the Limit

22

M. W. S.

Discussing the matter of policy with regard to advertising and merchan-dising under war conditions, the World-Telegram of New York quotes Mr. C. F. Mueller of the C. F. Muell-

er Company, Jersey City, as follows: C. F. Mueller of C. F. Mueller Co., speaking on sales policy, asserted his company proposes to sell, advertise and merchandise its products to the limit which the avances partice and merchandise its products to the limit which the emergercy permits. He recognized that shortages have cut down the number of products avail-able to grocers, and declared it th duty of manufacturers whose output does not require critical materials to supply retailers with as great a supply of their products as possible.

New Sales Manager

Eastern Semolina Mills, Inc. of New York City and Baldwinsville, New York recently announced the ap-



HOWARD P. MITCHELL

pointment of Howard P. Mitchell as Its Sales Manager with offices in Baldwinsville. Mr. Mitchell is well at Temple Isaiah Israel, Chicago,

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FLOUR PRODUCTION HIGHER IN MAY

Flour production increased during May 109,354 barrels over the previous month but was 468,634 barrels lower than during the same month of 1941, according to reports re-ceived by *The Northwestern Miller* from plants representing 65 per cent of the total national output. Total production during May was compiled at 5,328,007 barrels, compared with 5,208,653 barrels during the previous month and 5,796,642 barrels during the same month a year previous.

barrels during the previous month and 5,790,042 barrels during the same month a year previous. North estern production, set at 1,173,438 barrels for May, registered an increase of 46,330 i .rrels over the output of the previous month, but the total was 37,145 barrels below the 1941 figure for the same month. In the Southwest, production totaled 2,108,657 barrels during May, 89,485 barrels higher than the output during the previous month but 47,088 barrels below the figure for the same month last year. Buffalo mills reported 814,703 barrels produced during May, 36,820 barrels above the output of the previous month but 3,106 barrels below the figure for the same month a year nervious.

May, compared with 269,545 barrels during the previous month and 231,631 barrels during May, compared with 269,545 barrels during the previous month and 231,631 barrels during the same month in 1941. A detailed table appears below:

TOTAL MONTHLY FLOUR PRODUCTION

(Reported by mills producing 65 per cent of the flour manufactured in the U. S.)

Northwest Southwest Buffalo Central West-Easter, Div., Western Division Southeast North Pacific Coast.	May, 1942 1,173,438 2,108,657 814,703 398,430 2,3,614 89,904 494,251	Previous month 1,127,108 2,019,172 777,883 397,012 232,310 82,340 572,828	1941 1,210,583 2,155,745 817,809 553,774 230,031 105,644 723,056	May 1940 1,261,555 1,965,616 818,352 513,992 251,889 120,410 601,498	1939 1,215,919 1,931,218 847,392 473,975 264,076 141,287 757,965
Totals TOTAL MONTHI May, 1942 266 893	5,328,007 Y PRODU	5,208,653 C. TON OF ril, 1942	5,796,642 DURUM P	5,533,312 RODUCTS fay, 1941 231,631	5,631,832

known to the macaroni-noodle trade, especially in the East and Middle-west, having been associated with the burum Wheat Industry and Semolina for a quarter of a century. His last connection was with Washburn Crosby Co., in Chicago. Prior to that he was with the same firm at Buffalo and New York city branches.

One of his first official acts after acquainting himself with his new duties will be to represent Eastern Semolina Mills, Inc., at the June conference of macaroni-noodle manufacturers in Chicago.

Confirmation Reception

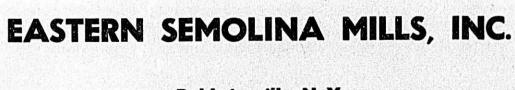
In honor of her fifteenth birthday,

May 24, Mr. and Mrs. A. Irving Grass held a reception at their new home, 6850 Euclid Avenue, for their eldest daughter, Ilyne Joan Grass. Four hundred relatives and friends attenc'ed.

June, 1942

Her confirmation to the faith means that she had successfully completed ten years of Sunday school work. The honored guest was the recipient of many gifts and well-wishes, among them being a promise by the proud parents that she would be taken to the convention of the Macaroni-Noodle industry this month—a most appropriate graduation gift.

KEEP'EM Kying



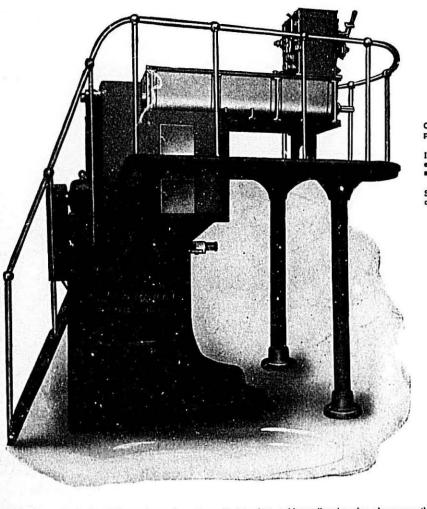
Baldwinsville, N. Y.

June, 1942

THE MACARONI JOURNAL

FOR THE MACARONI OF TOMORROW Clermont Introduces

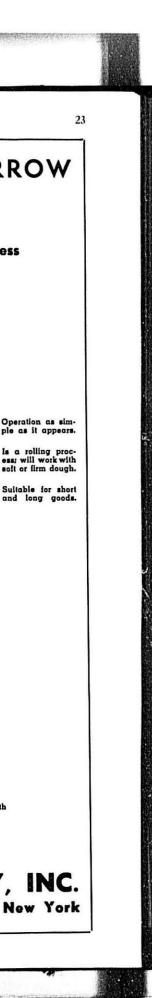
An Original Type of Continuous Automatic Macaroni Press Has No Piston, No Cylinder, No Screw, No Worm



Producing 1200 pounds per hour of excellent product, golden yellow in color, glossy smooth finish, strong in texture, free from spots and streaks.

For Details Write to

CLERMONT MACHINE COMPANY, INC. Brooklyn, New York **268 Wallabout Street**



24

J. 29.30

Former Manufacturer Dies

Joseph A. Brohel, 78, once a part-ner in the former firm of Anger-Bro-hel Company here, makers of spaghetti and other products and active in wholesale circles in the Rochester in Wholesale circles in the Rochester area, died May 26, 1942, at his home in Hackensack, N. J. While here from about 1910 to 1914, Mr. Brohel was chairman of the

wholesale trade group of the Chamber of Commerce of which he was also a trustee.

He was long active in Republican

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politics in Bergen County, N. J., and his efforts, in large part, were cred-ited in transforming the county to a Republican stronghold many years

He leaves his wife, Sarah Parker Brohel; two sons, Joseph A., Jr., and Jesse S. Brohel; two daughters, Mrs. Chester B. Searle and Mrs. William Tyndall, and four grandchildren.

90c Amber Durum

In order that Durum growers may be encouraged to sow an increased acreage of Durum Wheat, the Canadian Wheat Board has announced the probable price for the 1942-1943 crop. The Board recommends that crop. The Board recommends that the basic price of No. 1 cw. Amber Durum Wheat be 90c a bushel, basis in store Fort William, Port Arthur and Vancouver. The price of the lower durum grades will be announced later.

A survey of the durum situation in Canada shows that the stocks of the better grades of this wheat that goes into the manufacture of macaroni products, principally, are much smaller than customary. For this reason, the advance price situation is given as encouragement for increased production.

Executive Retires

Frank Griswold Hall, President of Stein-Hall & Co., Inc., New York, and Stein, Hall Mfg. Co., Chicago, manufacturers and distributors of starches, dried egg products, and sta-bilizers, has announced the retirement of Louis E. Leverone as General Manager of the Chicago company.

Mr. Leverone, who has been associated with the company for 30 years, will continue as a Vice President, and at his request retires from the position of General Manager in order to devote most of his time to his many civic and other duties. He is President of the Illinois Chamber of Com-merce and of the Northwestern University Settlement in Chicago, and is active in the Dartmouth Club and other organizations in that city.

D. M. Hawley, who was appointed Production Director for all Stein-Hall affiliated companies some time ago, has been elected General Man-ager and Vice President of the Chicago company, with Walter H. Hart as Assistant General Manager. Mr. Hart is also Secretary of the Chicago

Edward Butts, Jr., Sales Manager for the New York company, is now General Sales Manager for both the Chicago and New York companies. J. P. Strasser, head of the Paper Department, has been appointed As-

sistant Sales Manager at Chicago. Dr. Alexander Frieden continues

as Technical Director for both com-panies at the New York office, and Jordan V. Bauer of the Chicago company has been appointed Assistant Technical Director,

Organized in 1866, Stein-Hall celebrated its 75th Anniversary last year. The 50th Anniversary of Mr. Hall's service was observed two years ago.

Now It Is More Important Than Ever

that you attend the Convention of the Macaroni & Noodle Industry-June 22-23, 1942, at the Edgewater Beach Hotel, Chicago, Illinois.

KEEP fully posted on Industry problems. KEEP abreast of current developments. CONSULT with your associates within the Industry.

Enjoy the restful atmosphere of this beautiful Hotel. We are confident that the time spent will be profitable to you and your business.



June, 1942

June, 1942

THE MACARONI JOURNAL

Sylvania Cellophane

FOR CONSERVATION

TO-DAY effective packaging of perishables must more than ever avoid spoilage. Waste is sabotage.

Conservation is being accomplished now more than ever before with SYLVANIA cellophane.

Through its use manufacturers maintain their quality, and at the same time prevent waste resulting from staleness, loss of moisture, flavor, etc.

Ever expanding co-operation between manufacturers of perishable products and our sales and technical staffs is maintaining sales and avoiding waste.

> Conserve with Sylvania Collophane IT MAKES WAR ON WASTE

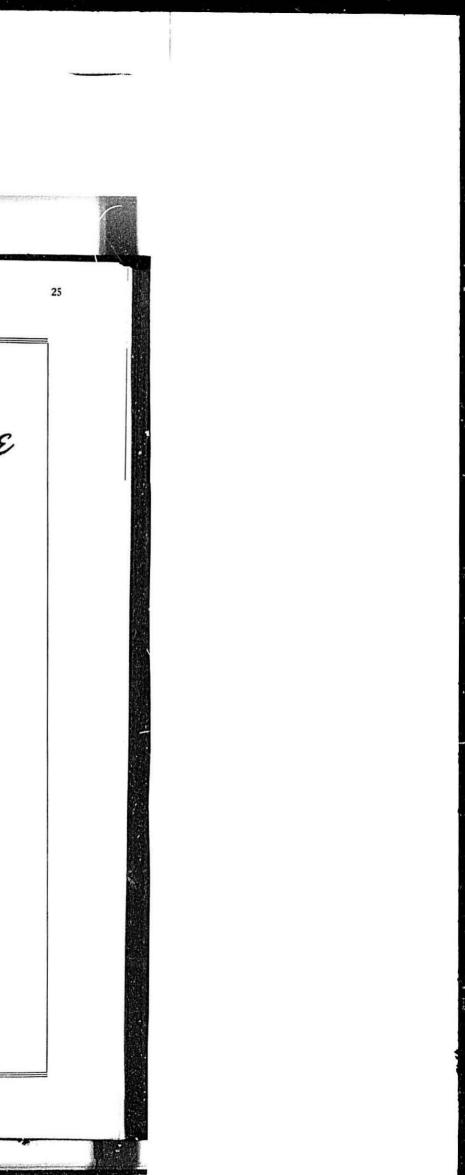
SYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION

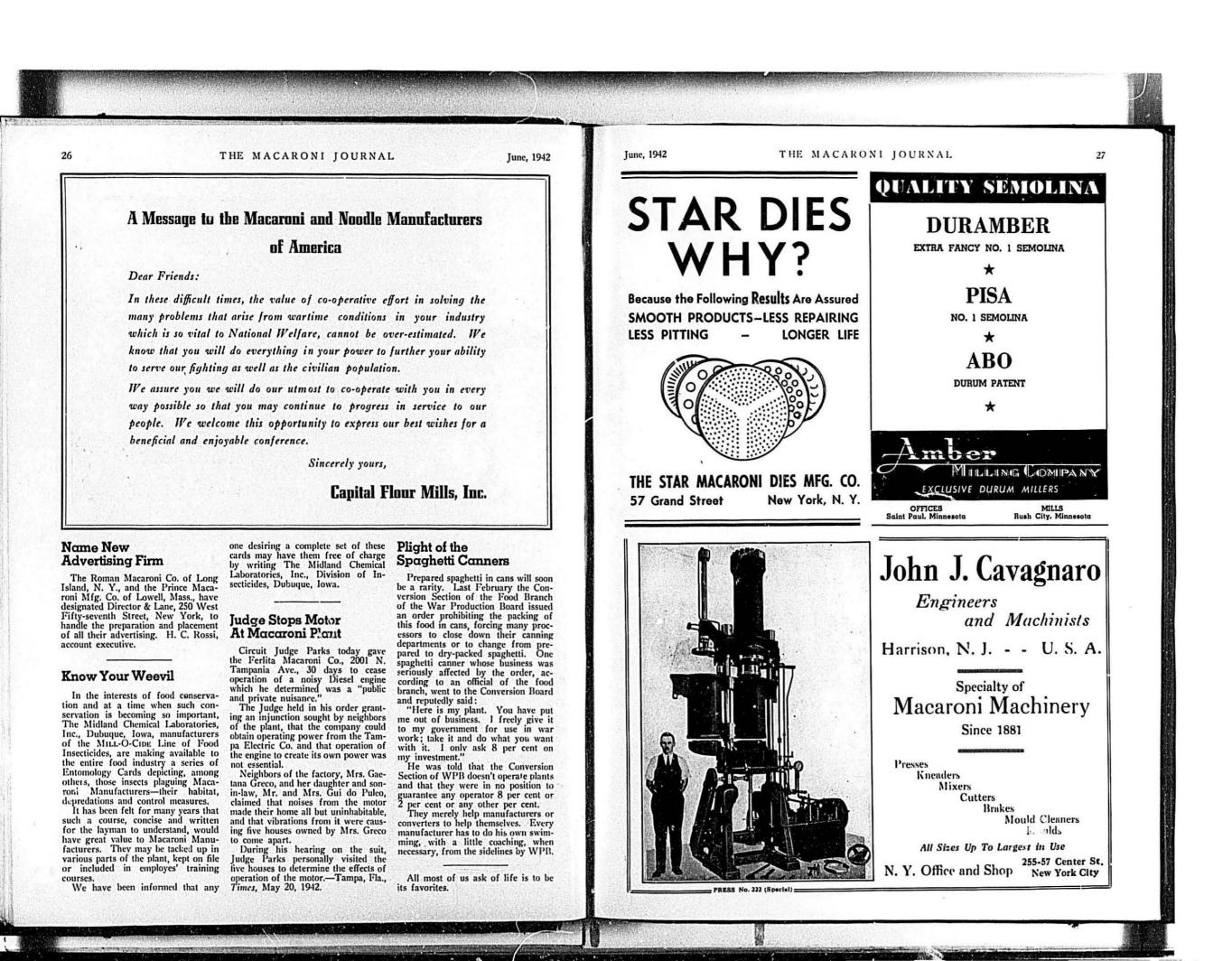
General Sales Offices: 122 E. 42d St., N.Y. . Works: Fredericksburg, Va.

ATLANTA, GA. 78 Marietta St. BOSTON . . 201 Devonshire S CHICAGO, ILL., 111 N. Canal St. DALLAS, TEX., 809 Santa Fe Bidg. PHILA., PA. . 260 So. Broad St.

Pacific Coast: Blake, Moffit & Towne Offices and Warehouses in Principal Cities Canada;

Victoria Paper & Twine Co., Ltd.





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The MACARONI JOURNAL

Successor to the Old Journal-Founded by Fred Becker of Cleveland, Obio, in 1903

Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office A Publication to Advance the American Macaroni Published Monthly by the National Macaroni Manufacturers Association as its Official Organ Edited by the Secretary-Treasurer, P. O. Drawer No. 1, Braidwood, Ill.

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE C. W. Wolfe......President Joseph J. Cunco..........Adviser M. J. Donna......Editor and General Manager

SPECIAL NOTICE

SPECIAL NOTICE COMMUNICATIONS—The Editor solicits news and articles of interest to the Macaroni Industry. All matters intended for publication industry. All matters intended for publication responsibility for views of pointing statemets of responsibility for views or opinions expressed by contributors, and will not knowingly advertise irresponsibile or untrustworthy concerns. The publishers of THE MACARONI JOUR. NAL reserve the right to reject any maiter furnished either for the advertising or reading columna. columns. REMITTANCES-Make all checks or drafts payable to the order of the National Macaroni Manufacturers Association.

ADVERTISING RATES

Vol. XXIV JUNE, 1942 No. 2



pledge allegiance to the Flag of the ed States of America, and to the re-ic for which it stands, one nation in-ible, with liberty and justice for all."

FOR SALE: one 10" Hydraulic Press, POR SALE: one 10" Hydraulic Press, complete with pump and pipe, and equip-ped for long and short goods. First class condition. Price, \$600.00, F.O.B., New Orlcans, Apply New Orleans Macaroni Mfg. Co., 1107 Dauphine St., New Or-leans, La.

War Bonds As Gifts Are you lucky? At least ten of the manufacturers and allieds who attend the Chicago convention, June 22-23,

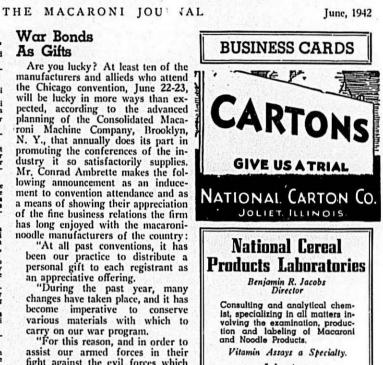
will be lucky in more ways than expected, according to the advanced planning of the Consolidated Maca-roni Machine Company, Brooklyn, N. Y., that annually does its part in promoting the conferences of the industry it so satisfactorily supplies. Mr. Conrad Ambrette makes the following announcement as an inducement to convention attendance and as a means of showing their appreciation of the fine business relations the firm has long enjoyed with the macaroninoodle manufacturers of the country

"At all past conventions, it has been our practice to distribute a personal gift to each registrant as an appreciative offering.

"During the past year, many changes have taken place, and it has become imperative to conserve various materials with which to

"For this reason, and in order to assist our armed forces in their fight against the evil forces which are endeavoring to destroy those principles for which our forefathers so gallantly fought, we have decided to donate a number of War Bonds.

"These will be disposed of to the holders of lucky numbers — two bonds of fifty dollars and eight bonds of twenty-five dollars—at a drawing to be held during the ban-quet on Tuesday evening, June 23." While interested manufacturers will need no added inducement, their concern over what is happening and what can be expected to happen to their business being sufficient to warrant a record-breaking attendance to the convention this year-nevertheless, this generous offering of this popular al-lied firm is interesting to all, and financially profitable to ten lucky fel-

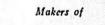


Laboratory to. 156 Chambers St., New York, N. Y. Office No. 2028 Eye St. N.W., Washington, D.C.

"Food is vigor and vigor is Victorv" Paul V. McNutt

Federal Security Administrato





lows.

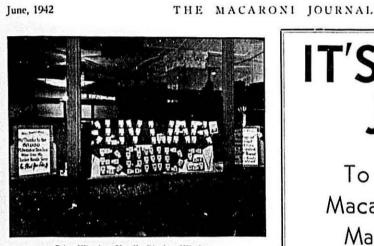
178-180 Grand Street



Macaroni Dies

New York City

"America's Largest Macaroni Die Makers Since 1903—1Vith Management Continuously Retained in Same Family"

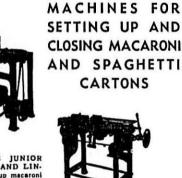


Prize Winning Noodle Display Window

Buy War Bonds

Wise retailers are capitalizing the popular slogan— "Buy War Bonds," as did the Milwaukee grocer whose window display won worthwhile praise and commenda-tion in a contest staged by the I. J. Grass Noodle Co. of Chicago. The prize winning window display is shown herewith.

On a large board draped in the national colors and which formed the background of the display, packages of egg noodles were attached so as to spell out the message-"Buy War Bonds"-that attracted the attention of passers-by. At one side stands Uncle Sam with a placard bearing the message—"A shortage of basic food is antici-pated. Don't HOARD. Buy War Bonds instead."

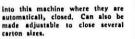


PETERS MACHINERY CO.

(A) The PETERS JUNIOR CARTON FORMING AND LIN-ING MACHINE sets up macaroni ING MACHINE sets up macaroni and spaghetti cartons at speeds up to 33-40 cartons per minute, re-quiring one operator. After the cartons are set up, they drop onto the conveyor belt where they are carried to be filled. Can be made adjustable to set up several carton sizes.

(B) The PETERS JUNIOR CARTON FOLDING AND CLOS-ING MACHINE closes macaroni and apaghetti cartons at speeds up to 33-40 cartons per minute, re-quiring no opersior. After the car-tons are filled, they are conveyed

4700 Ravenswood Ave.



Send us a sample of etch size carton you are inter-ested in handling and we will be pleased to recom-mend machines to meet your meeting combensues.

Chicago, Ill.



To Help All Macaroni-Noodle Manufacturers

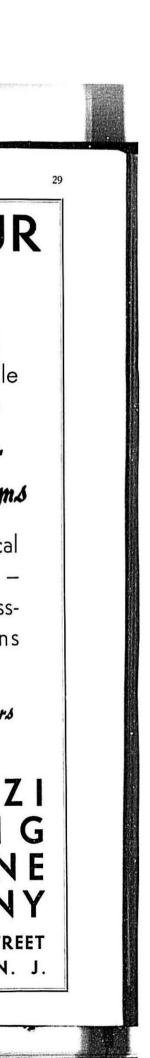
Solve Their **Drying** Problems

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OUR PURPOSE: EDUCATE ELEVATE ORGANIZE HARMONIZE	National Macc Ass	NN PAGE proni Manufacturers prociation onal Macaroni Clubs	OUR MOTTO First INDUSTRY Then MANUFACTURER	
C. JC	OFFICERS AND W. WOLFE, President. IRVING GRASS, Vice president S. J. CUNEO, Adviser. F. Jacoba, Director of Research J. Douna, Secretary Treasurer	DIRECTORS 1941-1942 Mers Macaroni Co., Harris, urg., I. Grass Noodle Co., Chi ago, La Premiata Mecaroni Corp., Connelle rille, 	Pa. 111. Pa. C. 018	
Region No. 1 G. La Marca, Prince Piacaroni Mig. Co., Lowell, Mass. Region No. 2 Hienry Mueller, C. F. Mueller Co., Jersey City, N. J. Peter LaRosa, V. Lal Josa & Sons, Brooklyn, N. Y. C. W. Wolfe, Megs Hacaroni Co., Harrisburg, Pa. Region No. 3 Samuel Giola, Giola Mac.vroni Co., Rochester, N. Y. Region No. 4 A. Irving Grass, I. J. Gras. Noodle Co., Chicago, III. Frank Traficanti, Traficanti Bros., Chicago, III. Region No. 5 Viviano, Kentucky Macaroni Co., Louisville, Ky.		Region No. 6 J. H. Diamond, Gooch Food Products Co., Lincoln, Nebr. Region No. 7 E. De Rocco, Jr., San Diego Mac. Mfg. Co., San Diego, Calif. Region No. 8 A. F. Scarpelli, Porter-Scarpelli Mac. Co., Portland, Ore. At Large Thomas A. Cunco, Mid-South Macaroni Co., St. Louis, Mo., Albert Ravarino, Faust Macaroni Co., St. Louis, Mo., Louis S. Vagnino, Faust Macaroni Co., St. Louis, Mo., Albert S. Weiss Noodle Co., Clereland, Ohio		

A Message from the Secretary

Increased Interest in Trade Associations

War Conditions Make Businessmen More Conscious of the Need for Closer Cooperation-More Coordination

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Reports from sources that are usually most reliable are that Trade Associations are growing stronger, in memberships and potentially.

Stak.

There are definite signs that this trend affects the Macaroni Industry because of recent enrollments and nonmembers' friendliness.

a—A New York manufacturer inquires: "Would you be so kind as to send us all particulars on how to become a member of your Association?"

b—A former member writes: "In a peeve we dropped our membership some years ago. Now we see our mistake and wish to re-join those who have consistently supported the Association through the years when its existence was not nearly as important as it is now."

c—A Westerner states: "Honestly, it took a war to teach me that I live in this country and should always have taken my place with fellow manufacturers. True, distance prevents my taking an active part in your conventions, but nothing should prevent me from paying my share of the cost of activities assumed by others."

d-A Member confesses: "Business has been tough, money scarce. While I have maintained my membership, I have not been paying the proper scale of dues. Things are picking up now. Please put me in Class "B," instead of "D." Bill us for the difference."

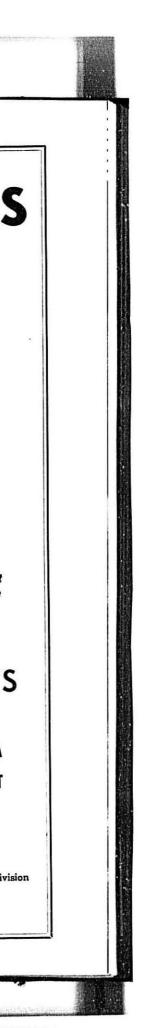
e—An Eastern firm says: "We have been selfish and wrong in judging your Association for what it did or did not do—instead of considering its potentialities had we and others like us supported it fully as we should. Send application, please."

Whatever the reasons for this spontaneous realization of obligation, the results are encouraging. Perhaps they are due to the war regulations ar 1 die importance of the Chicago conference, June 22 and 23—some sessions of which will be closed to non-members—but we are taking the cue and renewing the oft-repeated invitation to all progressive firms to join the National Macaroni Manufacturers Association now. Drop a line to the headquarters office at Braidwood, Illinois, as your first step. The necessary action on the Association's part will follow immediately.

Two new members and three re-instatements was the April-May record.

M. J. DONNA, Secretary and Editor.

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